

Tax Statement for Forms 1098, 1099, 5498 for Year 2020

1098, Copy B, For Payer/Borrower, OMB #1545-1380
 1098-E, Copy B, For Borrower, OMB #1545-1576
 1099-DIV, Copy B, For Recipient, OMB #1545-0110
 1099-INT, Copy B, For Recipient, OMB #1545-0112
 1099-MISC, Copy B, For Recipient, OMB #1545-0115

1099-OID, Copy B, For Recipient, OMB #1545-0117
 1099-Q, Copy B, For Recipient, OMB #1545-1760
 1099-SA, Copy B, For Recipient, OMB #1545-1517
 5498, Copy B, For Participant, OMB #1545-0747
 5498-ESA, Copy B, For Beneficiary, OMB #1545-1815
 5498-SA, Copy B, For Participant, OMB #1545-1518

NAME, ADDRESS AND FEDERAL I.D. NO.
TCF NATIONAL BANK
PO BOX 1527
MIDLAND MI 48641-1527

CUSTOMER NAME, ADDRESS
NO NAME GIVEN KAVYA CHANDRADHARA
SHAILESHA P MAGANAHALLI
325 TOSCANA WAY
HAYWARD CA 94545-1922

Recipient's TIN 41-0585310
 Questions? (800) 823-5363 TCF LENDING

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FORM 1 OF 1

2020 FORM 1098: MORTGAGE INTEREST STATEMENT

Account Number	IRS Description	IRS Box#	Amount
04431672692 00001	Mortgage interest received from payer(s)/borrower(s) *	1	7,218.89
	Outstanding mortgage principal	2	118,962.11
	Mortgage origination date	3	10/23/2017
	If address of property securing mortgage is the same as PAYER'S/BORROWER'S address, check the box, or enter the address or description in box 8	7	
	Address or description of property securing mortgage (see instructions)	8	325 TOSCANA WAY HAYWARD CA 94545-1922
	Number of properties securing the mortgage	9	
	Mortgage acquisition date	11	

TAXPAYER TIN ***-**-3069	(keep for your records) For Form 1099-DIV, INT, MISC, OD, and Q. This is important tax information and is being furnished to the IRS. If you are required to file a return, a negligence penalty or other sanction may be imposed on you if this income is taxable and the underpayment of tax results because you overstated a deduction for student loan interest. A person (including a financial institution, a governmental unit, and an educational institution) that receives interest payments of \$600 or more during the year on one or more qualified student loans must furnish this statement to you. You may be able to deduct student loan interest that you actually paid in 2020 on your income tax return. However, you may not be able to deduct the full amount of interest reported on this statement. Do not contact the recipient/lender for explanations of the requirements for (and how to figure) any allowable deduction for the interest paid. Instead, for more information, see Pub. 970 and the Student Loan Interest Deduction Worksheet in the instructions for Forms 1040 and 1040-SR. Borrower's taxpayer identification number (TIN). For your protection, this form may show only the last four digits of your TIN (social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN)). However, the issuer has reported your complete TIN to the IRS. Box 1. Shows the interest received by the lender during the year on one or more student loans made to you. For loans made on or after September 1, 2004, box 1 must include loan origination fees and capitalized interest received in 2020. If your loan was made before September 1, 2004, you may be able to deduct loan origination fees and capitalized interest not reported in box 1. Box 2, if checked, indicates that loan origination fees and/or capitalized interest are not included in box 1 for loans made before September 1, 2004. See Pub. 970 for how to figure any deductible loan origination fees or capitalized interest. Future developments. For the latest information about developments related to Form 1098-E and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to www.irs.gov/Form1098-E.	www.irs.gov/Form Department of the Treasury - Internal Revenue Service
1098-E - OMB #1545-1576	This is important tax information and is being furnished to the IRS. If you are required to file a return, a negligence penalty or other sanction may be imposed on you if this income is taxable and the underpayment of tax results because you overstated a deduction for student loan interest. A person (including a financial institution, a governmental unit, and an educational institution) that receives interest payments of \$600 or more during the year on one or more qualified student loans must furnish this statement to you. You may be able to deduct student loan interest that you actually paid in 2020 on your income tax return. However, you may not be able to deduct the full amount of interest reported on this statement. Do not contact the recipient/lender for explanations of the requirements for (and how to figure) any allowable deduction for the interest paid. Instead, for more information, see Pub. 970 and the Student Loan Interest Deduction Worksheet in the instructions for Forms 1040 and 1040-SR. Borrower's taxpayer identification number (TIN). For your protection, this form may show only the last four digits of your TIN (social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN)). However, the issuer has reported your complete TIN to the IRS. Box 1. Shows the interest received by the lender during the year on one or more student loans made to you. For loans made on or after September 1, 2004, box 1 must include loan origination fees and capitalized interest received in 2020. If your loan was made before September 1, 2004, you may be able to deduct loan origination fees and capitalized interest not reported in box 1. Box 2, if checked, indicates that loan origination fees and/or capitalized interest are not included in box 1 for loans made before September 1, 2004. See Pub. 970 for how to figure any deductible loan origination fees or capitalized interest. Future developments. For the latest information about developments related to Form 1098-E and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to www.irs.gov/Form1098-E.	
1098 - OMB #1545-1380	A person (including a financial institution, a governmental unit, and a cooperative housing corporation) who is engaged in a trade or business and, in the course of such trade or business, receives from you at least \$600 of mortgage interest (including certain points) on any one mortgage in the calendar year must furnish this statement to you. If you received this statement as the payer of record on a mortgage on which there are other borrowers, furnish each of the other borrowers with information about the proper distribution deduction. Each borrower is entitled to deduct only the amount he or she paid and points paid by the seller that represent his or her share of the amount allowable as a deduction. If your mortgage payments were subsidized by a government agency, you may not be able to deduct the amount of the subsidy. See the instructions for Schedule A, C, or E (Form 1040) or 1040-SR for how to report the mortgage interest. Also, for more information, see Pub. 936 and Pub. 535. Payer's/borrower's taxpayer identification number (TIN). For your protection, this form may show only the last four digits of your TIN (SSN, ITIN, ATIN, or EIN). However, the issuer has reported your complete TIN to the IRS. Box 1. Shows the mortgage interest received by the recipient/lender during the year. This amount includes interest on any obligation secured by real property, including a mortgage, home equity loan, or line of credit. This amount does not include points, government subsidy payments, or seller payments on a "buydown" mortgage. Such amounts are deductible by you only in certain circumstances. CAUTION! This amount does not include interest in 2020 that accrued in full by January 15, 2021. This prepaid interest may be included in box 1. However, you cannot deduct the prepaid amount in 2020 even though it may be included in box 1. If you hold a mortgage credit certificate and can claim the mortgage interest credit, see Form 8336. If the interest was paid on a mortgage, home equity loan, or line of credit secured by a qualified residence, you can only deduct the interest paid on acquisition indebtedness, and you may be subject to a deduction limitation.	