	2010	
Form	0343	

Sales and Other Dispositions of Capital Assets

OMB No. 1545-0074

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(0)

Attachment

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Go to www.irs.gov/Form8949 for instructions and the latest information.

▶ File with your Schedule D to list your transactions for lines 1b, 2, 3, 8b, 9, and 10 of Schedule D.

2, 3, 8b, 9, and 10 of Schedule D. Sequence No. 12A Social security number or taxpayer identification number

Name(s) shown on return

Before you check Box A, B, or C below, see whether you received any Form(s) 1099-B or substitute statement(s) from your broker. A substitute statement will have the same information as Form 1099-B. Either will show whether your basis (usually your cost) was reported to the IRS by your broker and may even tell you which box to check.

Part I Short-Term. Transactions involving capital assets you held 1 year or less are generally short-term (see instructions). For long-term transactions, see page 2.

Note: You may aggregate all short-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis was reported to the IRS and for which no adjustments or codes are required. Enter the totals directly on Schedule D, line 1a; you aren't required to report these transactions on Form 8949 (see instructions).

You *must* check Box A, B, or C below. Check only one box. If more than one box applies for your short-term transactions, complete a separate Form 8949, page 1, for each applicable box. If you have more short-term transactions than will fit on this page for one or more of the boxes, complete as many forms with the same box checked as you need.

(A) Short-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis was reported to the IRS (see Note above)

(B) Short-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis wasn't reported to the IRS

C) Short-term transactions not reported to you on Form 1099-B

1 (a) Description of property (Example: 100 sh. XYZ Co.)	(Mo day yr) disposed	Date sold or		(e) Cost or other basis. See the Note below and see <i>Column</i> (e) in the separate instructions			(h) Gain or (loss). Subtract column (e)
		disposed of (Mo., day, yr.)	(sales price) (see instructions)		(f) Code(s) from instructions	(g) Amount of adjustment	from column (d) and combine the result with column (g)
11.10928208 BTC	Various	Various	98,467.55	99,337.25			(869.70)
4.50000000 BCH	Various	Various	5,279.46	7,544.11			(2,264.65)
4.00124006 ETH	Various	Various	2,706.53	3,432.99			(726.46)
4.07947883 LTC	Various	Various	469.14	898.84			(429.70)
2 Totals. Add the amounts in columns negative amounts). Enter each tota Schedule D, line 1b (if Box A above above is checked) or line 3 (if Box	al here and inc is checked), lir	lude on your le 2 (if Box B	106,922.68	111,213.19			(4,290.50)

Note: If you checked Box A above but the basis reported to the IRS was incorrect, enter in column (e) the basis as reported to the IRS, and enter an adjustment in column (g) to correct the basis. See *Column* (g) in the separate instructions for how to figure the amount of the adjustment.

For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see your tax return instructions.

Name(s) shown on return. Name and SSN or taxpayer identification no. not required if shown on other side

Social security number or taxpayer identification number

Before you check Box D, E, or F below, see whether you received any Form(s) 1099-B or substitute statement(s) from your broker. A substitute statement will have the same information as Form 1099-B. Either will show whether your basis (usually your cost) was reported to the IRS by your broker and may even tell you which box to check.

Part II Long-Term. Transactions involving capital assets you held more than 1 year are generally long-term (see instructions). For short-term transactions, see page 1.

Note: You may aggregate all long-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis was reported to the IRS and for which no adjustments or codes are required. Enter the totals directly on Schedule D, line 8a; you aren't required to report these transactions on Form 8949 (see instructions).

You *must* check Box D, E, or F below. Check only one box. If more than one box applies for your long-term transactions, complete a separate Form 8949, page 2, for each applicable box. If you have more long-term transactions than will fit on this page for one or more of the boxes, complete as many forms with the same box checked as you need.

(D) Long-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis was reported to the IRS (see **Note** above)

[] (E) Long-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis wasn't reported to the IRS

✓ (F) Long-term transactions not reported to you on Form 1099-B

1 (a) Description of property	Description of property Date acquired diagonal of	(d) Proceeds (sales price) (see instructions)	(e) Cost or other basis. See the Note below and see <i>Column</i> (e) in the separate instructions	See the separate instructions.		Gain or (loss). Subtract column (e)	
(Example: 100 sh. XYZ Co.)				(f) Code(s) from instructions	(g) Amount of adjustment	from column (d) and combine the result with column (g)	
2 Totals. Add the amounts in columns (d), (e), (g), and (h) (subtract negative amounts). Enter each total here and include on your Schedule D, line 8b (if Box D above is checked), line 9 (if Box E above is checked), or line 10 (if Box F above is checked) ►			0.00	0.00			0.00

Note: If you checked Box D above but the basis reported to the IRS was incorrect, enter in column (e) the basis as reported to the IRS, and enter an adjustment in column (g) to correct the basis. See *Column* (g) in the separate instructions for how to figure the amount of the adjustment.