Sales and Other Dispositions of Capital Assets

OMB No. 1545-0074

▶ Go to www.irs.gov/Form8949 for instructions and the latest information. ▶ File with your Schedule D to list your transactions for lines 1b, 2, 3, 8b, 9, and 10 of Schedule D. Attachment Sequence No. 12A

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Name(s) shown on return

Social security number or taxpayer identification number

Before you check Box A, B, or C below, see whether you received any Form(s) 1099-B or substitute statement(s) from your broker. A substitute statement will have the same information as Form 1099-B. Either will show whether your basis (usually your cost) was reported to the IRS by your broker and may even tell you which box to check.

Part I

Short-Term. Transactions involving capital assets you held 1 year or less are generally short-term (see instructions). For long-term transactions, see page 2.

Note: You may aggregate all short-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis was reported to the IRS and for which no adjustments or codes are required. Enter the totals directly on Schedule D, line 1a; you aren't required to report these transactions on Form 8949 (see instructions).

You must check Box A. B. or C below. Check only one box. If more than one box applies for your short-term transactions. complete a separate Form 8949, page 1, for each applicable box. If you have more short-term transactions than will fit on this page for one or more of the boxes, complete as many forms with the same box checked as you need.

(A) Short-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis was reported to the IRS (see **Note** above)

☐ (B) Short-term transactions☐ (C) Short-term transactions	•		_	sis wasn't report	ed to the IF	RS	
(a) Description of property (Example: 100 sh. XYZ Co.)	(b) Date acquired (Mo., day, yr.)	(c) Date sold or disposed of (Mo., day, yr.)	(d) Proceeds (sales price) (see instructions)	(e) Cost or other basis. See the Note below and see <i>Column</i> (e) in the separate instructions	See the separate instructions.		(h) Gain or (loss). Subtract column (e)
					(f) Code(s) from instructions	(g) Amount of adjustment	from column (d) and combine the result with column (g)
500.00000000 USDC	01/03/2021	01/03/2021	500.00	500.00			0.00
0.99144500 ETH	01/03/2021	01/03/2021	945.92	958.91			(12.99)
1000.00000000 USDC	04/27/2021	04/27/2021	1,000.00	1,000.00			0.00
1000.00000000 USDC	04/28/2021	04/30/2021	1,000.00	1,000.00			0.00
2 Totals. Add the amounts in columns negative amounts). Enter each tota Schedule D, line 1b (if Box A above above is checked), or line 3 (if Box C	3,445.92	3,458.91			(12.99)		

Note: If you checked Box A above but the basis reported to the IRS was incorrect, enter in column (e) the basis as reported to the IRS, and enter an adjustment in column (g) to correct the basis. See Column (g) in the separate instructions for how to figure the amount of the adjustment.

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Name(s) shown on return. Name and SSN or taxpayer identification no. not required if shown on other side

Social security number or taxpayer identification number

Before you check Box D, E, or F below, see whether you received any Form(s) 1099-B or substitute statement(s) from your broker. A substitute statement will have the same information as Form 1099-B. Either will show whether your basis (usually your cost) was reported to the IRS by your broker and may even tell you which box to check.

Part II

Long-Term. Transactions involving capital assets you held more than 1 year are generally long-term (see instructions). For short-term transactions, see page 1.

Note: You may aggregate all long-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis was reported to the IRS and for which no adjustments or codes are required. Enter the totals directly on Schedule D, line 8a; you aren't required to report these transactions on Form 8949 (see instructions).

You *must* check Box D, E, *or* F below. Check only one box. If more than one box applies for your long-term transactions, complete a separate Form 8949, page 2, for each applicable box. If you have more long-term transactions than will fit on this page for one or more of the boxes, complete as many forms with the same box checked as you need.

(D) Long-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis was reported to the IRS (see Note above)

Ļ	(E) Long-term transactions			_	is wasn't report	ed to the IF	RS	
L	(F) Long-term transactions	not reported	to you on Fo	orm 1099-B	T			
1	(a) Description of property (Example: 100 sh. XYZ Co.)	(b) Date acquired (Mo., day, yr.)	(c) Date sold or disposed of (Mo., day, yr.)	(d) Proceeds (sales price) (see instructions)	(e) Cost or other basis. See the Note below and see <i>Column</i> (e) in the separate instructions	(f) (g)		(h) Gain or (loss). Subtract column (e) from column (d) and combine the result
						instructions	Amount of adjustment	with column (g)
r	Fotals. Add the amounts in columns negative amounts). Enter each total Schedule D, line 8b (if Box D above	al here and inc	lude on your	0.00	0.00			0.00

Note: If you checked Box D above but the basis reported to the IRS was incorrect, enter in column (e) the basis as reported to the IRS, and enter an adjustment in column (g) to correct the basis. See *Column* (g) in the separate instructions for how to figure the amount of the adjustment.

above is checked), or line 10 (if Box F above is checked) ▶