Form **8949**

Department of the Treasury

Sales and Other Dispositions of Capital Assets

OMB No. 1545-0074

Sequence No. 12A

Attachment

Go to www.irs.gov/Form8949 for instructions and the latest information.

File with your Schedule D to list your transactions for lines 1b, 2, 3, 8b, 9, and 10 of Schedule D.

Internal Revenue Service Name(s) shown on return

Social security number or taxpayer identification number

Before you check Box A, B, or C below, see whether you received any Form(s) 1099-B or substitute statement(s) from your broker. A substitute statement will have the same information as Form 1099-B. Either will show whether your basis (usually your cost) was reported to the IRS by your broker and may even tell you which box to check.

Part I Short-Term. Transactions involving capital assets you held 1 year or less are generally short-term (see instructions). For long-term transactions, see page 2.

Note: You may aggregate all short-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis was reported to the IRS and for which no adjustments or codes are required. Enter the totals directly on Schedule D, line 1a; you aren't required to report these transactions on Form 8949 (see instructions).

You *must* check Box A, B, or C below. Check only one box. If more than one box applies for your short-term transactions, complete a separate Form 8949, page 1, for each applicable box. If you have more short-term transactions than will fit on this page for one or more of the boxes, complete as many forms with the same box checked as you need.

(A) Short-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis was reported to the IRS (see Note above)

[] (B) Short-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis wasn't reported to the IRS

C) Short-term transactions not reported to you on Form 1099-B

1 (a) Description of property (Example: 100 sh. XYZ Co.)	(b) Date acquired (Mo., day, yr.)	(c) Date sold or disposed of (Mo., day, yr.)	(d) Proceeds (sales price) (see instructions)	(e) Cost or other basis See the Note below and see <i>Column (e)</i> in the separate instructions.	If you enter an enter a c	if any, to gain or loss amount in column (g), ode in column (f). parate instructions. (g) Amount of adjustment	(h) Gain or (loss) Subtract column (e) from column (d) and combine the result with column (g).
231.44678416 EOS	06/12/2021	01/01/2022	701.43	1,133.13			(431.70)
4097.27396339 EOS	01/05/2022	01/07/2022	11,321.08	12,951.59			(1,630.51)
1458.35913893 LRC	01/19/2022	01/21/2022	1,425.62	1,697.31			(271.70)
8340.55596509 LRC	01/19/2022	01/21/2022	8,153.31	9,618.96			(1,465.65)
14058.56967548 LRC	01/22/2022	01/25/2022	9,412.40	9,574.17			(161.77)
155.00000000 LRC	02/14/2022	02/18/2022	96.32	137.44			(41.12)
45.00000000 LRC	02/14/2022	02/18/2022	39.40	39.90			(0.50)
45.00000000 LRC	02/14/2022	02/18/2022	39.40	39.90			(0.50)
9327.12208231 LRC	02/14/2022	02/18/2022	8,127.86	8,270.46			(142.61)
58821.40344657 DOGE	02/07/2022	02/14/2022	8,487.24	9,417.26			(930.02)
2 Totals. Add the amounts in columns (d), (e), (g), and (h) (subtract negative amounts). Enter each total here and include on your Schedule D, line 1b (if Box A above is checked), line 2 (if Box B above is checked), or line 3 (if Box C above is checked).		47,804.07	52,880.13			(5,076.07)	

Note: If you checked Box A above but the basis reported to the IRS was incorrect, enter in column (e) the basis as reported to the IRS, and enter an adjustment in column (g) to correct the basis. See Column (g) in the separate instructions for how to figure the amount of the adjustment.

For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see your tax return instructions.

Social security number or taxpayer identification number

Name(s) shown on return. Name and SSN or taxpayer identification no. not required if shown on other side

Before you check Box D, E, or F below, see whether you received any Form(s) 1099-B or substitute statement(s) from your broker. A substitute statement will have the same information as Form 1099-B. Either will show whether your basis (usually your cost) was reported to the IRS by your broker and may even tell you which box to check.

Part II Long-Term. Transactions involving capital assets you held more than 1 year are generally long-term (see instructions). For short-term transactions, see page 1.

Note: You may aggregate all long-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis was reported to the IRS and for which no adjustments or codes are required. Enter the totals directly on Schedule D, line 8a; you aren't required to report these transactions on Form 8949 (see instructions).

You *must* check Box D, E, or F below. Check only one box. If more than one box applies for your long-term transactions, complete a separate Form 8949, page 2, for each applicable box. If you have more long-term transactions than will fit on this page for one or more of the boxes, complete as many forms with the same box checked as you need.

(D) Long-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis was reported to the IRS (see **Note** above)

[] (E) Long-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis wasn't reported to the IRS

(F) Long-term transactions not reported to you on Form 1099-B

1 (a) Description of property (Example: 100 sh. XYZ Co.)	(b) Date acquired (Mo., day, yr.)	(c) Date sold or disposed of (Mo., day, yr.)	(d) Proceeds (sales price) (see instructions)	(e) Cost or other basis See the Note below and see <i>Column</i> (e) in the separate instructions.	See the separate instructions.		(h) Gain or (loss) Subtract column (e) from column (d) and
					(f) Code(s) from instructions	(g) Amount of adjustment	combine the result with column (g).
2 Totals. Add the amounts in columns (d), (e), (g), and (h) (subtract negative amounts). Enter each total here and include on your Schedule D, line 8b (if Box D above is checked), line 9 (if Box E above is checked), or line 10 (if Box F above is checked).			0.00	0.00			0.00

Note: If you checked Box D above but the basis reported to the IRS was incorrect, enter in column (e) the basis as reported to the IRS, and enter an adjustment in column (g) to correct the basis. See *Column* (g) in the separate instructions for how to figure the amount of the adjustment.